### **Outdoor Heat Pump**

### **User's Information/Installation Instructions**

### 13 SEER R-410A High Efficiency Split System

These units have been designed and tested for capacity and efficiency in accordance with A.R.I. Standards. Split System Heat Pump units are designed for use with a wide variety of fossil fuel furnaces, electric furnaces, air handlers, and evaporator coil combinations.

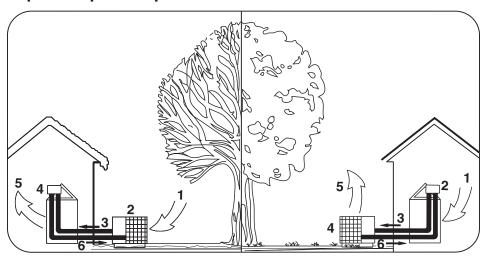
These instructions are primarily intended to assist qualified individuals experienced in the proper installation of heating and/or air conditioning appliances. Some local codes require licensed installation/service personnel for this type of equipment. Read all instructions carefully before starting the installation.

### **USER'S INFORMATION**

### **IMPORTANT**

Read this owner information to become familiar with the capabilities and use of your appliance. Keep this with literature on other appliances where you have easy access to it in the future. If a problem occurs, check the instructions and follow recommendations given. If these suggestions don't eliminate your problem, call your servicing contractor.

### **Heat Pump Principle of Operation**



### WINTER HEATING

- 1. Outdoor air enters heat pump.
- 2. Cold, heat-transfer section (outdoor coil) extracts heat from outdoor air as refrigerant evaporates from a liquid to a gas.
- 3. Refrigerant, compressed to a hot gas by heat pump, carries the heat to the hot heat-transfer section (indoor coil).
- 4. Hot, heat-transfer section (indoor coil) releases the heat to indoor air as refrigerant condenses from a gas to a liquid.
- 5. Air handler circulates the heat throughout the home.
- 6. Refrigerant returns to outdoor coil and evaporates once again to absorb more heat.

### SUMMER COOLING

- 1. Indoor air enters the air handler section.
- 2. Cold, heat-transfer section (indoor coil) extracts heat from indoor air as refrigerant evaporates from a liquid to a cold gas.
- Refrigerant, drawn to heat pump and compressed to a hot gas by heat pump, carries the heat outdoors.
- 4. Hot, heat-transfer section (outdoor coil) releases the heat as refrigerant condenses from a gas to a liquid.
- 5. Heat pump (outdoor fan) discharges the heat to outside air.
- Refrigerant returns to indoor coil and evaporates once again to absorb more heat.

### **OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS**

### TO OPERATE YOUR HEAT PUMP FOR COOLING —

- Set the thermostat system switch to COOL and the thermostat fan switch to AUTO. (See Figure 1)
- Set the thermostat temperature to the desired temperature level using the temperature selector. Please refer to the separate detailed thermostat user's manual for complete instructions regarding thermostat programming. The outdoor unit and indoor blower will both cycle on and off to maintain the indoor temperature at the desired cooling level.

**NOTE:** If the thermostat temperature level is re-adjusted, or the thermostat system switch is repositioned, the outdoor unit may not start immediately. The outdoor unit contains a protective timer circuit which holds the unit off for approximately five minutes following a previous operation, or the interruption of the main electrical power.

### TO OPERATE YOUR HEAT PUMP FOR HEATING —

 Set the thermostat system switch to HEAT and the thermostat fan switch to AUTO. (See Figure 1) 2. Set the thermostat temperature to the desired temperature level using the temperature selector. Please refer to the separate detailed thermostat user's manual for complete instructions regarding thermostat programming. The outdoor unit and indoor blower will both cycle on and off to maintain the indoor temperature at the desired heating level.

**NOTE:** If the thermostat temperature level is re-adjusted, or the thermostat system switch is repositioned, the outdoor unit may not start immediately. The outdoor unit contains a protective timer circuit which holds the unit off for approximately five minutes following a previous operation, or the interruption of the main electrical power.

### **Emergency Heat:**

The thermostat includes a system switch position termed EM. HT. This is a back-up heating mode to be used only if there is a suspected problem with the outdoor unit. With the system switch set to EM. HT. the outdoor unit will be locked off, and supplemental heat (typically electric resistance heating) will be used as a source of heat. Sustained use of electric resistance heat in place of the heat pump will result in an increase in electric utility costs.

### Defrost:

During cold weather heating operation, the outdoor unit will develop a coating

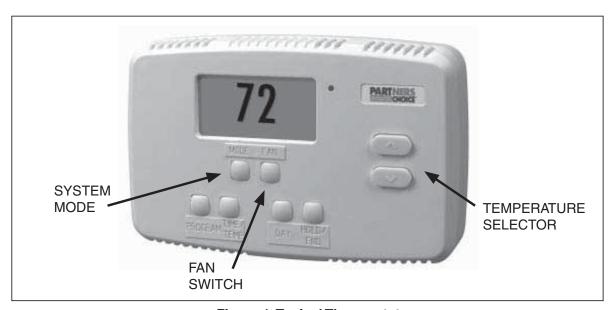


Figure 1. Typical Thermostat

of snow and ice on the heat transfer coil. This is normal, and the unit will periodically defrost itself. During the defrost cycle, the outdoor fan will stop, and the compressor will continue to run and heat the outdoor coil, causing the snow and ice to melt. After the snow and ice have melted, some steam may rise from the outdoor unit as the warm coil causes some melted frost to evaporate.

### TO OPERATE YOUR HEAT PUMP FOR AUTOMATIC COOLING AND HEATING —

 Set the thermostat system switch to AUTO and the thermostat fan switch to AUTO. (See Figure 1)

Note: Thermostats will vary. Some models will not include the AUTO mode, and others will have the AUTO in place of the HEAT and COOL, and some will include all three.

 Set the thermostat temperature to the desired heating and cooling temperature level(s). The outdoor unit and the indoor blower will then cycle on and off in either the heating or cooling mode of operation as required to automatically maintain the indoor temperature within the desired limits.

### TO SHUT OFF YOUR HEAT PUMP —

Set the thermostat system switch to OFF and the thermostat fan switch to AUTO. (See Figure 1) The system will not operate, regardless of the thermostat temperature selector(s) setting.

### TO OPERATE THE INDOOR BLOWER CONTINUOUSLY —

Set the thermostat fan switch to ON (See Figure 1). The indoor blower will start immediately, and will run continually until the fan switch is reset to AUTO.

The continuous indoor blower operation can be obtained with the thermostat system switch set in any position, including OFF.

The continuous indoor blower operation is typically used to circulate the indoor air to

equalize a temperature unbalance due to a sun load, cooking, or fireplace operation.

### TO MAINTAIN YOUR HEAT PUMP —



Be certain the electrical power to the outdoor unit and the furnace/air handler is disconnected before doing the following recommended maintenance.

### 1. Regularly:

- a. Clean or replace the indoor air filter at the start of each heating and cooling season, and when an accumulation of dust and dirt is visible on the air filter. Inspect the filter monthly.
- Remove any leaves and grass clippings from the coil in the outdoor unit, being careful not to damage the aluminum fins.
- c. Check for any obstruction such as twigs, sticks, etc.



Do not over-oil, or oil motors not factory-equipped with oil tubes. The compressor is hermetically "sealed" and does not require lubrication.

- 2. Before Calling a Service Technician, Be Certain:
  - a. The unit thermostat is properly set see "To Operate Your Heat Pump for Cooling" and "To Operate Your Heat Pump for Heating."
  - b. The unit disconnect fuses are in good condition, and the electrical power to the unit is turned on.

### **Read Your Warranty**

Please read the separate warranty document completely. It contains valuable information about your system.

### GENERAL INFORMATION

Read the following instructions completely before performing the installation.



This unit uses refrigerant R-410A. DO NOT under any circumstances use any other refrigerant besides R-410A in this unit. Use of another refrigerant will damage this unit.

Outdoor Unit Section — Each outdoor unit is shipped with a refrigerant charge adequate to operate the outdoor section with an indoor matching coil or air handler. Units with braze connections include the proper amount of refrigerant for an additional 15 ft. of refrigerant lines the same size as the valve fittings.

**NOTE:** DO NOT USE ANY PORTION OF THE CHARGE FOR PURGING OR LEAK TESTING.

Matching coils and air handlers may be shipped with a small holding charge to pressurize them to keep out contaminants. To release the pressure, read the indoor section installation instructions carefully.

**Liquid and Suction Lines** — Fully annealed, refrigerant grade copper tubing should be used when installing the system. Refrigerant suction line tubing should be fully insulated.

Field Connections for Electrical Power Supply — All wiring must comply with current provisions of the "National Electrical Code" (ANSI/NFPA 70) and with applicable local codes having jurisdiction. The minimum size of electrical conductors and circuit protection must be in compliance with information listed on the outdoor unit data label.

### **NOTICE:**

Certain models have external panels fabricated from a premium grade of stainless steel designed to inhibit corrosion. For such units, if the unit is located in a coastal region or other area subjected to high concentrations of salt, then the unit should be hosed off after storms and monthly otherwise to maintain its new appearance.

### SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

Pressures within the System — Split system heat pump equipment contains liquid and gaseous refrigerant under pressure. Installation and servicing of this equipment should be accomplished by qualified, trained personnel thoroughly familiar with this type of equipment. Under no circumstances should the Homeowner attempt to install and/or service the equipment.

Labels, Tags, Precautions — When working with this equipment, follow all precautions in the literature, on tags, and on labels provided with the equipment. Read and thoroughly understand the instructions provided with the equipment prior to performing the installation and operational checkout of the equipment.

**Brazing Operations**—Installation of equipment may require brazing operations. Safety codes must be complied with. Safety equipment (e.g.; safety glasses, work gloves, fire extinguisher, etc.) must be used when performing brazing operations.

### **WARNING:**

Ensure all electrical power to the unit is off prior to installing or servicing the equipment. Failure to do so may cause personal injury or death.

### SITE PREPARATION

**Unpacking Equipment** — Remove the cardboard carton and User's Manual from the equipment. Take care to not damage tubing connections when removing from the carton.

**Inspect for Damage** — Inspect the equipment for damage prior to installing the equipment at the job site. Ensure coil fins are straight and, if necessary, comb fins to remove flattened and bent fins.

Preferred Location of the Outdoor Unit at the Job Site — Conduct a survey of the job site to determine the optimum location for mounting the outdoor unit. Overhead obstructions, poorly ventilated areas, and areas subject to accumulation of debris should be avoided. The

outdoor unit must be installed in such a manner that airflow through the coil is not obstructed and that the unit can be serviced.

Facility Prerequisites — Electrical power supplied must be adequate for proper operation of the equipment. The system must be wired and provided with circuit protection in accordance with local building codes and the National Electrical Code.

### INSTALLING THE OUTDOOR UNIT

**Slab Mount**—The site selected for a slab mount installation requires a stable foundation and one not subject to erosion. The slab should be level and anchored (if necessary) prior to placing the equipment on the slab.

Cantilever Mount — The cantilever mount should be designed with adequate safety factor to support the weight of the equipment, and for loads subjected to the mount during operation. Installed equipment should be adequately secured to the cantilever mount and levelled prior to operation of the equipment.

**Roof Mount** — The method of mounting should be designed so as not to overload roof structures nor transmit noise to the interior of the structure. Refrigerant and electrical line should be routed through suitably waterproofed openings to prevent water leaking into the structure.

### INSTALLING THE INDOOR UNIT

The indoor section should be installed before proceeding with routing of refrigerant piping. Consult the Installation Instructions of the indoor unit (i.e.: air handler, furnace, etc.) for details regarding installation.

### CONNECTING REFRIGERANT TUBING BETWEEN THE INDOOR AND OUTDOOR UNIT



This system utilizes R-410A refrigerant with POE oil. When servicing, cover or seal openings to minimize the exposure of the refrigerant system to air to prevent accumulation of moisture and other contaminants.

General — Once outdoor and indoor unit placement has been determined, route refrigerant tubing between the equipment in accordance with sound installation practices. Refrigerant tubing should be routed in a manner that minimizes the length of tubing and the number of bends in the tubing. Refrigerant tubing should be supported in a manner that the tubing will not vibrate or abrade during system operation. Tubing should be kept clean of foreign debris during installation and installation of a liquid line filter drier is recommended if cleanliness or adequacy of system evacuation is unknown or compromised. Every effort should be made by the installer to ensure that the field installed, refrigerant containing components of the system have been installed in accordance with these instructions and sound installation practices so as to insure reliable system operation and longevity.

The maximum recommended interconnecting refrigerant line length is 75 feet, and the vertical elevation difference between the indoor and outdoor sections should not exceed 20 feet. Consult long line application guide for installations in excess of these limits.

Filter Dryer Installation — A filter dryer is provided with the unit and must be installed in the liquid line of the system. If the installation replaces a system with a filter dryer already present in the liquid line, the filter dryer must be replaced with the one supplied with the unit. The filter dryer must be installed in strict accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions.

**Optional Equipment** — Optional equipment (e.g.: liquid line solenoid valves, etc.) should be installed in strict accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions.

### **ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS**



Turn off all electrical power at the main circuit box before wiring electrical power to the outdoor unit. Failure to comply may cause severe personnel injury or death.

Wiring Diagram/Schematic — A wiring diagram/schematic is located on the inside cover of the electrical box of the outdoor unit. The installer should become familiar with the wiring diagram/schematic before making any electrical connections to the outdoor unit.

**Outdoor Unit Connections** — The outdoor unit requires both power and control circuit electrical connections. Refer to the unit wiring diagram/schematic for identification and location of outdoor unit field wiring interfaces.

Control Circuit Wiring — The outdoor unit is designed to operate from a 24 VAC Class II control circuit. Control circuit wiring must comply with the current provisions of the "National Electrical Code" (ANSI/NFPA 70) and with applicable local codes having jurisdiction.

Thermostat connections should be made in accordance with the instructions supplied with the thermostat, and with the instructions supplied with the indoor equipment. A typical residential installation with a heat pump thermostat and air handler are shown below.

Electrical Power Wiring — Electrical power wiring must comply with the current provisions of the "National Electrical Code" (ANSI/NFPA 70) and with applicable local codes having jurisdiction. Use of rain tight conduit is recommended. Electrical conductors shall have minimum circuit ampacity in compliance with the outdoor unit rating label. The facility shall employ electrical circuit protection at a current rating no greater than that indicated on the outdoor unit rating label. Refer to the unit wiring diagram for connection details.

Minimum Circuit Ampacity — Electrical wiring to the equipment must be compatible and in compliance with the minimum circuit ampacity listed on the outdoor unit data label.

	COPPE	R WIRE S	SIZE — A	WG										
	(1	% Voltag	ge Drop)											
Sup	ply Wire	Length-	Feet	Supply Circuit										
200	150	100	50	Ampacity										
6	8	10	14	15										
4	6	8	12	20										
4	4 6 8 10 25													
4	4	6	10	30										
3	4	6	8	35										
3	4	6	8	40										
2	3	4	6	45										
2	3	4	6	50										

Wire Size based on N.E.C. for  $60^{\circ}$  type copper conductors.

Maximum Fuse/Circuit Breaker Size — Circuit protection for the outdoor unit must be compatible with the maximum fuse/circuit breaker size listed on the outdoor unit data label.

**Disconnect Switch** — An electrically compatible disconnect switch must be within line of sight of the outdoor unit. This switch shall be capable of electrically de-energizing the outdoor unit.

Optional Equipment — Optional equipment requiring connection to the power or control circuits must be wired in strict accordance with current provisions of the "National Electrical Code" (ANSI/NFPA 70), with applicable local codes having jurisdiction, and the installation instructions provided with the equipment. Optional Equipment (e.g.: liquid line solenoid valves, hard start kits, low suction pressure cutout switch kit, refrigerant compressor crankcase heater, etc.) should be installed in strict accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions.

### STARTUP AND CHECKOUT

### **WARNING:**

Ensure electrical power to the unit is off prior to performing the following steps. Failure to do so may cause personal injury or death.

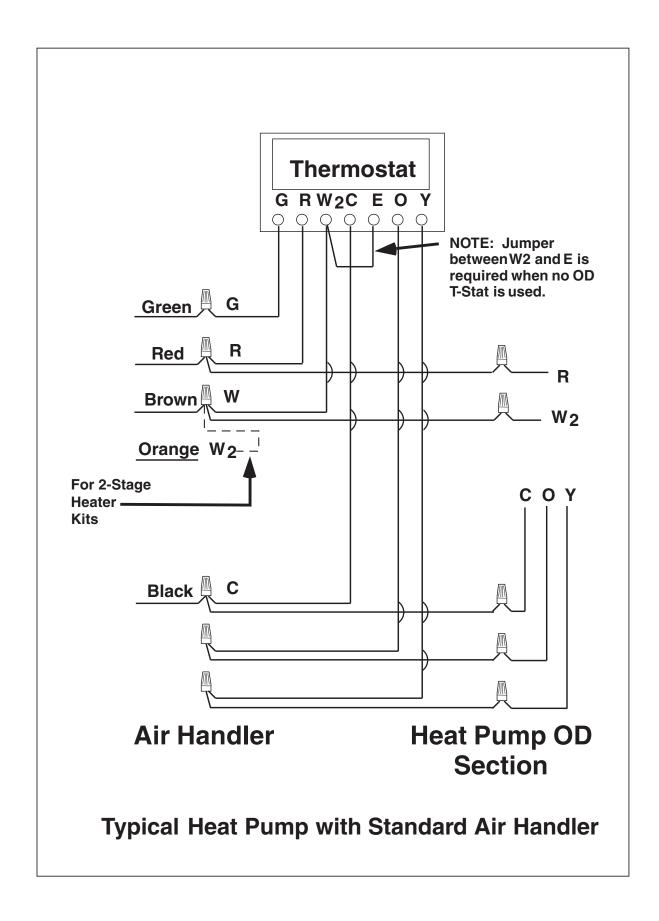
**Air Filters** — Ensure air filters are clean and in place prior to operating the equipment.

**Thermostat** — Set the room thermostat function switch to OFF, fan switch to AUTO, and adjust the temperature setpoint to its highest setting.

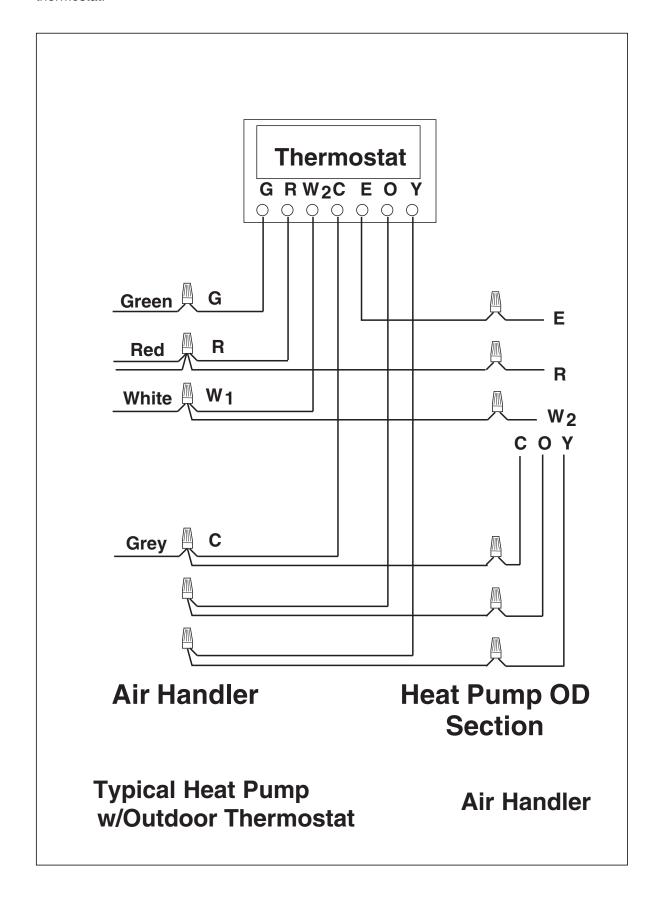
Prior to applying electrical power to the outdoor unit, ensure that the unit has been properly and securely grounded, and that power supply connections have been made at both the facility power interface and outdoor unit.

**Outdoor Unit** — Ensure the outdoor coil and top of the unit are free from obstructions and debris, and all equipment access/control panels are in place.

Using extreme caution, apply power to the unit and inspect the wiring for evidence of open, shorted, and/or improperly wired circuits.



A typical installation with a heat pump thermostat, air handler, and heat pump with an outdoor thermostat.



### ⚠ CAUTION:

If equipped with a compressor crankcase heater, wait 24 hours prior to performing a function checkout to allow for heating of the compressor crankcase. Failure to comply may result in damage and could cause premature failure of the system.

**Indoor Blower** — Set the thermostat function switch to COOLING and the fan switch to ON. Verify that the indoor blower is operating and that airflow is not restricted. Set the fan switch back to AUTO.

Blower Time Delay Relay (Select Models): A time delay relay may be provided with the unit and must be installed in the indoor section. The relay will keep the indoor blower running an additional 40 seconds for increased cooling efficiency after the outdoor unit shuts off. The relay has four terminals and one mounting hole.

Connect terminal "1" to load side of blower relay. Connect terminal: "2" to terminal "R" of T'stat. Connect terminal "3" to common terminal at blower relay or transformer. Connect terminal "4" to terminal "G" on T'stat.

Low-Pressure Switch (Select Models) — A low-pressure switch is factory-installed in select models only. If provided, this switch is located in the suction line internal to the outdoor unit. The switch is designed to protect the compressor from a loss of charge. Under normal conditions, the switch is closed. If the suction pressure falls below 5 psig, then the switch will open and deenergize the outdoor unit. The switch will close again once the suction pressure increases above 20 psig. Please note that the switch interrupts the thermostat inputs to the unit. Thus, when the switch opens and then closes, there will be a 5 minute short cycling delay before the outdoor unit will energize.

**High-Pressure Switch** — A high-pressure switch is factory-installed and located in the compressor discharge line internal to the outdoor unit. The switch is designed to de-energize the system when very high pressures occur during abnormal conditions. Under normal conditions, the switch is closed. If the discharge pressure

rises above 575 psig, then the switch will open and de-energize the outdoor unit. The switch will close again once the discharge pressure decreases to 460 psig. Please note that the switch interrupts the thermostat inputs to the unit. Thus, when the switch opens and then closes, there will be a 5 minute short cycling delay before the outdoor unit will energize.

Short Cycle Protection — With the system operating in COOLING mode, note the setpoint temperature setting of the thermostat, and gradually raise the setpoint temperature until the outdoor unit and indoor blower de-energize. Immediately lower the setpoint temperature of the thermostat to its original setting and verify that the indoor blower is energized and that the outdoor unit remains de-energized. Verify that, after approximately 5 minutes, the outdoor unit energizes and that the temperature of the air supplied to the facility is cooler than ambient temperature.

### Comfort Alert™ Diagnostics (Select Models)

— The Comfort Alert™ diagnostics module facilitates troubleshooting heat pump and air conditioning system failures. This Comfort Alert™ module is designed only for single-phase systems with scroll compressors that have internal overload protection. By monitoring and analyzing data from the compressor and the thermostat demand, the module can detect the cause of electrical and system related failures without any sensors. A flashing LED indicator communicates the ALERT code and guides the service technician more quickly and accurately to the root cause of a problem.

**NOTE:** This module does not provide safety protection! The Comfort Alert<sup>™</sup> module is a monitoring device and cannot control or shut down other devices.

### **LED Description (See Figure 2)**

POWERLED (Green): indicates voltage is present at the power connection of the module.

ALERT LED (Yellow): communicates an abnormal system condition through a unique flash code. The ALERT LED will flash a number of times consecutively, pause and then repeat the process. The number of consecutive flashes, defined as the Flash Code, correlates to a particular abnormal condition. Detailed descriptions of specific ALERT Flash Codes are shown in Table 1 of this manual.

TRIP LED (Red): indicates there is a demand signal from the thermostat but no current to the compressor is detected by the module. The TRIP LED typically indicates the compressor protector is open or may indicate missing supply power to the compressor.

The scroll compressor's run (R), common (C) and start (S) wires are routed through the holes in the Comfort Alert<sup>TM</sup> module marked "R," "C" and "S."

**24 VAC Power Wiring** — The Comfort Alert<sup>™</sup> module requires a constant nominal 24 VAC power supply. The wiring to the module's R and C terminals must be directly from the indoor unit or thermostat.

The Comfort Alert™ module requires a thermostat demand signal to operate properly.

**NOTE:** After the thermostat demand signal is connected, verify that 24 VAC across Y and C when demand is present.

### **TROUBLESHOOTING**

Interpreting The Diagnostic LEDs – When an abnormal system condition occurs, the Comfort Alert™ module displays the appropriate ALERT and/or TRIP LED will flash a number of

times consecutively, pause and then repeat the process. To identify a Flash Code number, count the number of consecutive flashes.

Every time the module powers up, the last ALERT Flash Code that occurred prior to shut down is displayed for one minute. The module will continue to display the LED until the condition returns to normal or if 24 VAC power is removed from the module.

**Cooling** — Gradually lower the thermostat temperature setpoint below the actual room temperature and observe that the outdoor unit and indoor blower energize. Feel the air being circulated by the indoor blower and verify that it is cooler than ambient temperature. Listen for any unusual noises. If present, locate and determine the source of the noise and correct as necessary.

**Heating** — Lower the thermostat setpoint temperature to the lowest obtainable setting and set the thermostat function switch to HEATING. The indoor blower and outdoor unit should stop running. After a minimum of five minutes, increase the setpoint temperature of the thermostat to the maximum setting. Verify that the outdoor unit and indoor blower have energized. Feel the air being circulated by the indoor blower and verify that it is warmer than ambient temperature. Listen

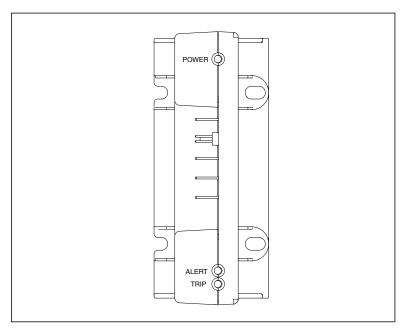


Figure 2. Comfort Alert™ Diagnostics Module

Status LED	Status LED Description	Status LED Troubleshooting Information
Green "POWER"	Module has power	Supply voltage is present at module terminals
Red "TRIP"	Thermostat demand signal Y is present, but the compressor is not running	Compressor protector is open     Outdoor unit power disconnect is open     Compressor circuit breaker or fuse(s) is open     Broken wire or connector is not making contact     Low pressure switch open if present in system     Compressor contactor has failed open
Yellow "ALERT" Flash Code 1	Long Run Time Compressor is running extremely long run cycles	Low refrigerant charge     Evaporator blower is not running     Evaporator coil is frozen     Faulty metering device     Condenser coil is dirty     Liquid line restriction (filter drier blocked if present in system)     Thermostat is malfunctioning     Comfort Alert Failure
Yellow "ALERT" Flash Code 2	System Pressure Trip Discharge or suction pressure out of limits or compressor overloaded	High head pressure     Condenser coil poor air circulation (dirty, blocked, damaged)     Condenser fan is not running     Return air duct has substantial leakage     If low pressure switch present in system, check Flash Code 1 information
Yellow "ALERT" Flash Code 3	Short Cycling Compressor is running only briefly	Thermostat demand signal is intermittent     Time delay relay or control board defective     If high pressure switch present go to Flash Code 2 information     If low pressure switch present go to Flash Code 1 information
Yellow "ALERT" Flash Code 4	Locked Rotor	Run capacitor has failed     Low line voltage (contact utility if voltage at disconnect is low)     Check wiring connections     Excessive liquid refrigerant in compressor     Compressor bearings are seized     Measure compressor oil level
Yellow "ALERT" Flash Code 5	Open Circuit	1. Outdoor unit power disconnect is open 2. Compressor circuit breaker or fuse(s) is open 3. Compressor contactor has failed open  • Check compressor contactor wiring and connectors  • Check for compressor contactor failure (burned, pitted or open)  • Check wiring and connectors between supply and compressor  • Check for low pilot voltage at compressor contactor coil  4. High pressure switch is open and requires manual reset 5. Open circuit in compressor supply wiring or connections 6. Unusually long compressor protector reset time due to extreme ambient temperature 7. Compressor windings are damaged  • Check compressor motor winding resistance
Yellow "ALERT" Flash Code 6	Open Start Circuit Current only in run circuit	Run capacitor has failed     Open circuit in compressor start wiring or connections     Check wiring and connectors between supply and the compressor "S" terminal     Compressor start winding is damaged     Check compressor motor winding resistance
Yellow "ALERT" Flash Code 7	Open Run Circuit Current only in start circuit	Open circuit in compressor run wiring or connections     Check wiring and connectors between supply and the compressor "R" terminal     Compressor run winding is damaged     Check compressor motor winding resistance
Yellow "ALERT" Flash Code 8	Welded Contactor Compressor always runs	Compressor contactor has failed closed     Thermostat demand signal not connected to module
Yellow "ALERT" Flash Code 9	Low Voltage Control circuit < 17VAC	Control circuit transformer is overloaded     Low line voltage (contact utility if voltage at disconnect is low)     Check wiring connections

Flash Code number corresponds to a number of LED flashes, followed by a pause and then repeated.
 TRIP and ALERT LEDs flashing at same time means control circuit voltage is too low for operation.

### **Table 1. Interpreting the Diagnostic LEDS**

Miswired Module Indication	Recommended Troubleshooting Action
Green LED is not on, module does not power up	Determine if both R and C module terminals are connected. Verify voltage is present at module's R and C terminals. Review <b>24VAC Power Wiring</b> (page 4) for R and C wiring.
Green LED intermittent, module powers up only when compressor runs	Determine if R and Y terminals are wired in reverse.  Verify module's R and C terminals have a constant source. Review <b>24VAC Power W iring</b> (page 4) for R and C wiring.
TRIP LED is on but system and compressor check OK	Verify Y terminal is connected to 24VAC at contactor coil. Verify voltage at contactor coil falls below 0.5VAC when off. Verify 24 VAC is present across Y and C when thermostat demand signal is present. If not, R and C are reverse wired.
TRIP LED and ALERT LED flashing together	Verify R and C terminals are supplied with 19-28VAC.
ALERT Flash Code 3 (Compressor Short Cycling) displayed incorrectly	Verify Y terminal is connected to 24VAC at contactor coil. Verify voltage at contactor coil falls below 0.5VAC when off.
ALERT Flash Code 5, 6 or 7 (Open Circuit, Open Start Circuit or Open Run Circuit) displayed incorrectly	Check that compressor run and start wires are through module's current sensing holes. Verify Y terminal is connected to 24VAC at contactor coil. Verify voltage at contactor coil falls below 0.5VAC when off.
ALERT Flash Code 6 (Open Start Circuit) displayed for Code 7 (Open Run Circuit) or vice versa	Check that compressor run and start wires are routed through the correct module sensing holes.
ALERT Flash Code 8 (Welded Contactor) displayed incorrectly	Determine if module's Y terminal is connected. Verify Y terminal is connected to 24VAC at contactor coil. Verify 24VAC is present across Y and C when thermostat demand signal is present. If not, R and C are reverse wired. Verify voltage at contactor coil falls below 0.5VAC when off. Review <b>Thermostat Demand Wiring</b> (page 4) for Y and C wiring.

Table 2. Module Wiring Troubleshooting

for any unusual noises. If present, locate and determine the source of the noise and correct as necessary.

### OUTDOOR THERMOSTAT (if supplied)

The outdoor thermostat prevents the electrical auxiliary heat (if used) from operating above 40°F outdoor ambient temperature.

**Defrost Cycle Timer** — The defrost cycle timer controls the time interval of the hot gas defrost after the defrost sensor closes. It is located in the lower left corner of the defrost control board. Three interval settings are available: 30 minutes, 60 minutes, and 90 minutes. Time setting selection is dependent on the climate where the unit is being installed.

Example 1. Dry climate of Southern Arizona. A 90 minute setting is recommended.

Example 2. Moist climate of Seattle, Washington. A 30 minute setting is recommended.

To set the cycle timer, place the timing pin on the defrost control board to the desired time interval post.

**Note:** All units are shipped from the factory with the default time setting of 30 minutes. Maximum heating performance can be achieved by setting the time to 90 minutes.

### DEFROST CONTROL BOARD OPERATION AND TESTING

- 1. Terminals "R"-"C" must have 24±V present between them in order for the time delay and defrost sequences to be operational.
- 2. Jumper the "T2"-"DFT" test pins. This will indicate to the board that the defrost T-stat is closed(if the compressor is running).

Defrost T-stat is closed at 32° or below and is open at 68° or above. But it's state is unknown if the temperature is between 32°F and 68°F. The defrost thermostat tells the board whether a defrost cycle needs to be started or terminated. With the DFT closed the unit will run for 30/60/90 minutes in heat mode and then defrost the outdoor coil. The defrost will turn off the outdoor fan, turn on the compressor and raise the coil temperature to 68°F. This will open the DFT and terminate the defrost. If the DFT does not open the defrost will end after 10 minutes.

- 3. Defrost board speed-up. With compressor running in heat mode, next jump the "Test" pin to "C" on terminal strip. This will initiate a defrost test in 5, 10 or 15 seconds (This is determined by the 30, 60 or 90 minute defrost pin settings. The factory setting will be 30 minutes). Note that this will bypass the compressor off delay when the unit goes into defrost test and if left in defrost test, the delay will be bypassed when the test is terminated by the processor. If the jumper is removed before the test is over the processor will perform the remainder of a normal defrost. See step 2 above.
- 4. Remove the jumpers.

**Note:** The delay/no-delay pin concerns compressor operation during defrosts. The default setting is delay. Reciprocating compressors should only use this setting in conjunction with an approved hard start kit. Scroll compressors that have noise issues while going into or coming out of defrost should use this 30 second delay to reduce the defrost noise. To switch from no-delay to delay remove the pin from the "no-delay" pin location and shift it to the "delay" pin location.

### Speed up changes:

Manually initiating a defrost will cause the compressor to run continually when entering defrost.

### Normal defrost operation:

To test normal defrost operation when the temperature is above 35°F, jumper "R" to "DFT" on the 624656 board and allow the unit to run for 30 minutes. Defrost will continue until the "R" to "DFT" jumper is removed or for 10 minutes. Remove the jumper.

The 5 minute time delay feature can be shortened 1 time to 1 second by jumping the "Test" to "C" terminal. Remove the jumper and repeat as desired.

Note: If jumper is left on the "Test" to "common" pins permanently, the defrost cycle will become inoperable.

### **Defrost Test Procedure for 624656**

- 1. Jumper "T2" to "DFT" at the test terminals.
- With unit running in heat mode, short the "TEST" terminal to the common terminal near it. This will speed up the board and cause it to enter defrost mode in 5/10/15 seconds depending on the defrost time selection. Compressor delay will not function during speed-up.
- 3. This test will end in 5 seconds if the "TEST"-common short is not removed.
- Remove both the short and the "T2" to "DFT" jumper to terminate the defrost cycle. The 30 second compressor delay should operate normally.
- 5. Test is complete, reset thermostat to home owner preference.

### 13 SEER SPLIT SYSTEM HEAT PUMP ORIFICE USAGE

Model	Restrictor B	ore Size (in.)	System Charge
Number *T4BD	Indoor (1)	Outdoor	R-410A (oz.)
018K	.050	.042	112
024K	.055	.045	138
030K	.065	.048	145
036K	.073	.052	168
042K	.077	.055	243
048K	.080	.058	248
060K	.089	.062	248

<sup>(1)</sup> For indoor coils equipped with restrictors.

### **Anti Short Cycle Timer Test**

The 5 minute time delay feature can be bypassed or shortened to 1 second by jumping the "Test" to "C" terminal.

**Note:** If jumper is left on the "Test" to "common" pins permanently, the defrost cycle will become inoperable.

**Optional Equipment** — A functional checkout should be performed in accordance with the checkout procedures supplied with the equipment.

### **Adjustment of Refrigerant Charge:**



Split system heat pump equipment contains liquid and gaseous refrigerant under pressure. Adjustment of refrigerant charge should only be attempted by qualified, trained personnel thoroughly familiar with the equipment. Under no circumstances should the homeowner attempt to install and/or service this equipment. Failure to comply with this warning could result in equipment damage, personal injury, or death.

**NOTE:** The following Refrigerant Charging Charts are applicable to listed assemblies of equipment and at listed airflows for the indoor coil. Assemblies of indoor coils and outdoor units not listed are not recommended.

### 13 SEER Split System Matched with Restrictor Equipped Indoor Coils Refrigerant Charging Tables for Cooling Mode of Operation

# REFRIGERANT CHARGING CHARTS LEGEND FOR COOLING/HEATING MODES OF OPERATION

\*Note: All pressures are listed in psig. and all temperatures in deg. F.

- Shaded boxes indicate flooded conditions

- Rated design values. Suction Pressure will be lower than design value if indoor air flow, entering dry bulb, or entering wet bulb temperatures are lower than design.

- Discharge temperatures greater than charted values indicates a refrigerant undercharge.

						OUTDO	OR TEMPE	OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE ( deg. F)	deg. F)						
2		7	75	80	0	82	2	06	0	6	95	¥	100	105	5
	Suc. Press. Liq. Press. Dis. Temp.		Liq. Press. Dis. Temp.	_	Liq. Press. Dis. Temp.	Liq. Press. Dis. Temp.	Dis. Temp.	Liq. Press. Dis. Temp.	Dis. Temp.	Liq. Press.	Liq. Press. Dis. Temp.		Dis. Temp.	Liq. Press. Dis. Temp. Liq. Press. Dis. Temp.	Dis. Temp.
_	89														
-	100	251	66												
	112	253	109	270	107										
_	120	255	119	273	116	291	116	308	118						
$\vdash$	137	258	128	277	120	294	122	312	125	329	124				
<del> </del>		259	142	279	133	299	125	315	134	333	131	350	130		
$\vdash$				281	147	301	137	320	137	337	138	354	136	371	136
—						808	152	322	146	342	141	329	142	376	141
-								325	157	344	151	364	147	381	147
$\vdash$										347	161	366	156	382	152
-												368	166	388	161
$\vdash$														390	170
_															

13 SEER Split System Matched with Restrictor Equipped Indoor Coils Refrigerant Charging Tables for Cooling Mode of Operation

OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE ( deg. F )	75 80 85 90 95 100 105	Suc. Press. Liq. Press. Dis. Temp. Liq. Press.			142	152 291 140	162         294         149         312         141         329         136	187         294         164         315         147         333         144         349         137	201 296 178 316 158 336 152 353 144 369 138	297 191 318 171 338 161 357 150 373 144 389 140	320 185 341 170 360 158 378 150 393 145	343   181   362   168   382   157   398   151	365 178 384 166 403 156	165	408 174	
	75	iq. Press. Dis. Temp.			269 142	271 152	274 162	273 187	274 201							_
	70	iq. Press. Dis. Temp.		247 144	248 156	250 167	248 200	249 217								-
024K	_	Suc. Press. L	133	135	137	139	141	143	145	147	149	151	153	155	157	

		<u>~</u>											_			
	5	Dis. Temp.								136	142	148	151	160	169	
	105	Liq. Press.								390	395	400	406	408	411	
	0								132	138	145	149	158	168		
	100	iq. Press.							369	373	378	383	386	388		
		Liq. Press. Dis. Temp. Liq. Press. Dis. Temp.						129	136	143	148	157	167			
	98	Liq. Press.						348	352	356	361	363	365			
deg. F)		Dis. Temp.					127	134	142	148	157	167				
OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE ( deg. F )	06	Dis. Temp. Lig. Press. Dis. Temp. Lig. Press. Dis. Temp.					327	330	334	338	340	342				
OR TEMPE	5	Dis. Temp.					129	135	142	154	168					
OUTDO	85	Liq. Press.					309	312	315	317	319					
	0	Dis. Temp.				125	133	143	157	171						
	80	Liq. Press.				287	290	292	294	295						
	75	Dis. Temp.			123	133	143	161	175							
	7	Liq. Press.			265	267	270	270	271							
	20	Dis. Temp.		120	132	143	166	183								
	7	Suc. Press. Liq. Press. Dis. Temp.		243	245	246	246	246								
030K		Suc. Press	130	132	134	136	138	140	142	144	146	148	150	152	154	156

13 SEER Split System Matched with Restrictor Equipped Indoor Coils Refrigerant Charging Tables for Cooling Mode of Operation

Suc. Press, Liq. Press, Dis. Temp. 131 250 91 135 251 103 137 252 114		75 Liq. Press.∣⊡							ded. ⊢ )						
Suc. Press, Liq. Press. Dis 131 250 135 251 137 252	ا و نصاصاصا	Liq. Press.	2	80	0	85		06		95	10	100	0	105	
131 250 135 251 135 251	91 103 114		is. Temp.	Liq. Press.	Dis. Temp.	Liq. Press	Dis. Temp.	Liq. Press.	Dis. Temp.	Liq. Press.	Liq. Press. Dis. Temp.	Liq. Press.	Liq. Press. Dis. Temp.	Liq. Pres	Dis. Temp.
	91 103 114														
+	103														
	114	270	102												
		272	112	290	110										
139 254	124	274	122	293	118	312	118	330	120						
141 254	141	276	132	297	123	315	124	334	127	352	126				
143		277	146	299	137	319	128	338	136	356	133	374	132		
145				300	151	321	141	342	141	360	139	379	138	397	138
147						323	155	344	149	364	145	383	144	401	143
149								346	160	367	155	387	151	406	149
151										369	165	389	160	410	156
153												392	169	412	165
155														415	174
157															

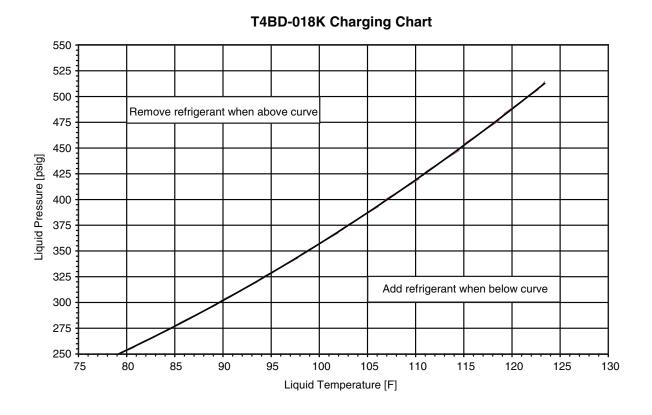
	Τ	π Gu														
	105	Dis. Ter								137	143	149	150	159	168	
		Liq. Press. Dis. Temp.								380	385	389	397	399	402	
	100	Liq. Press. Dis. Temp.							134	141	147	150	160	169		
	<u> </u>								360	365	369	375	377	380		
	95	Dis. Temp.						133	139	146	150	160	170			
	6	Liq. Press.						340	344	349	353	326	358			
deg. F)	06	Press. Dis. Temp.					131	138	147	153	161	172				
OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE ( deg. F )	6	Li Ģ					320	324	328	332	334	988				
OR TEMPE	85	Liq. Press. Dis. Temp.					135	141	148	160	175					
OUTDO	8						304	307	310	312	314					
	80	Dis. Temp.				132	141	152	165	179						
	8	Liq. Press.				283	286	288	289	291						
	75	Liq. Press. Dis. Temp. Liq. Press.			133	143	152	172	186							
	_	Liq. Press.			262	264	266	267	268							
	70	Dis. Temp.		132	144	155	180	197								
		Suc. Press. Liq. Press. Dis. Temp.		241	242	243	243	243								
042K		Suc. Press.	132	134	136	138	140	142	144	146	148	150	152	154	156	158

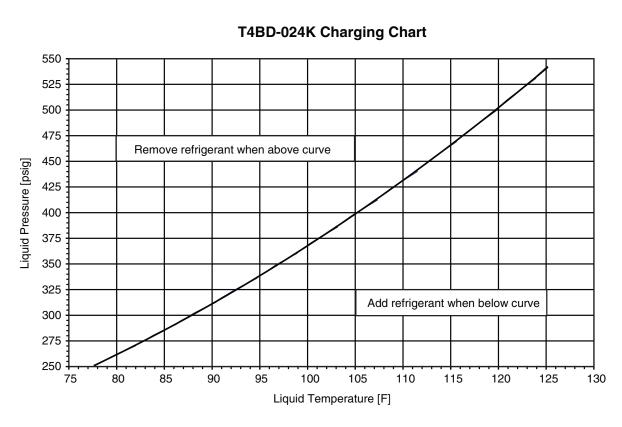
13 SEER Split System Matched with Restrictor Equipped Indoor Coils Refrigerant Charging Tables for Cooling Mode of Operation

•				OCELII OPIIL OY	J. (2)		stem materica with restricted Equipped mass, some				202					
048K							ОПТБО	OR TEMPE	OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE ( deg. F )	deg. F)						
_	20	0	7	75	80	0	85	5	06	)	6	95	100	0	105	-5
Suc. Press.	Suc. Press. Liq. Press. Dis. Temp. Liq. Press. Dis. Temp. Liq. Pres	Dis. Temp.	Liq. Press.	Dis. Temp.	Liq. Press.	s. Dis. Temp. Liq. Press. Dis. Temp.	Liq. Press.	Dis. Temp.	Liq. Press.	Dis. Temp.	Liq. Press.	Dis. Temp.	Liq. Press. Dis. Temp. Liq. Press. Dis. Temp. Liq. Press. Dis. Temp. Liq. Press. Dis. Temp.	Dis. Temp.	Liq. Press.	Jis. Temp.
130																
132	246	144														
134	248	155	569	143												
136	249	166	271	153	290	142										
138	248	196	273	163	293	151	311	144	329	140						
140	249	213	272	185	294	164	315	150	332	147	349	141				
142			274	199	296	178	317	159	336	155	353	148	369	142		
144					297	191	318	172	339	163	357	154	374	148	389	145
146							320	186	341	172	361	160	378	155	394	151
148									343	183	363	170	383	160	399	156
150											365	180	382	169	404	160
152													387	179	407	169
154															409	178
156																

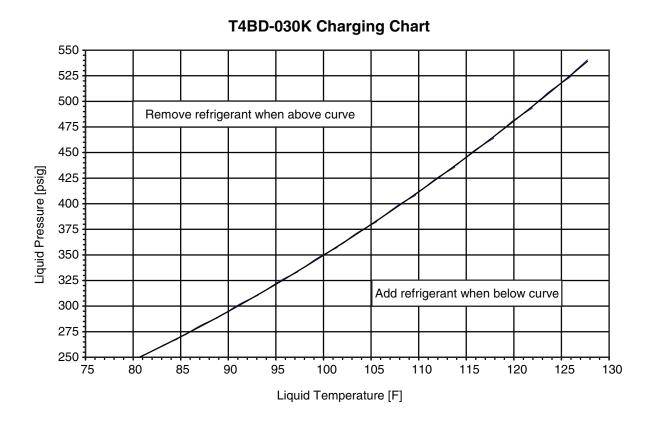
OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE ( deg. F )	90 95 100 105	. Temp. Liq. Press. Dis. Temp. Liq. Press. Dis. Temp. Liq. Press. Dis. Temp. Liq. Press. Dis. Temp.					148 345 146   16	154 349 154 367 149	162 353 162 371 156 389 152	175 356 169 375 162 393 158 411 156	189 358 178 379 168 397 164 415 161	360 188 381 178 402 170 420 167	383   188   404   179   425   172	407   189   427   181	190	
	80 85	Liq. Press. Dis. Temp. Liq. Press. Dis. Temp. Liq. Press. Dis. Temp. L			142	152 304 144	162 307 153 327 148	181 309 164 330 154	195 311 177 333 162	312   191   334   175	336 189					
	70 75	Suc. Press. Liq. Press. Dis. Temp. Liq. Press. Dis.		260 140	261 151 282	263 162 284 7	262 186 287 7	263 202 287	288							
060K	_	Suc. Press. Li	124	126	128	130	132	134	136	138	140	142	144	146	148	

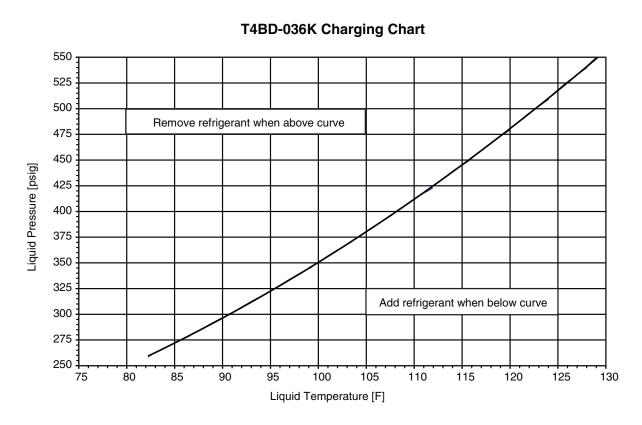
### Refrigerant Charging Charts for Cooling Mode of Operation 13 SEER Split System Matched with TXV Equipped Indoor Coils





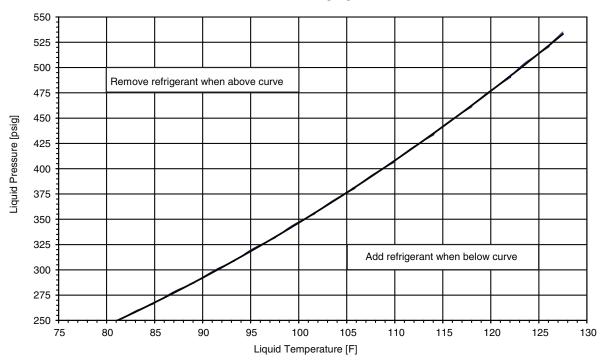
### Refrigerant Charging Charts for Cooling Mode of Operation 13 SEER Split System Matched with TXV Equipped Indoor Coils (Continued)



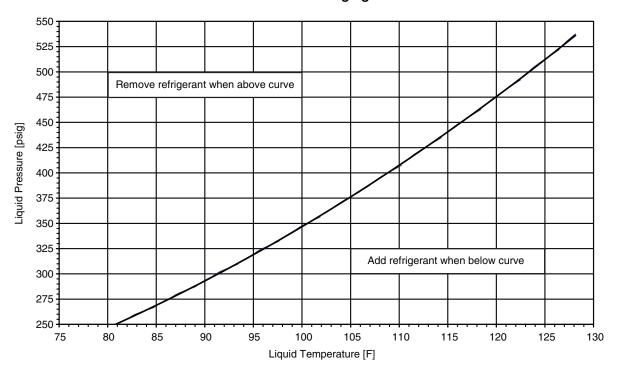


### Refrigerant Charging Charts for Cooling Mode of Operation 13 SEER Split System Matched with TXV Equipped Indoor Coils (Continued)



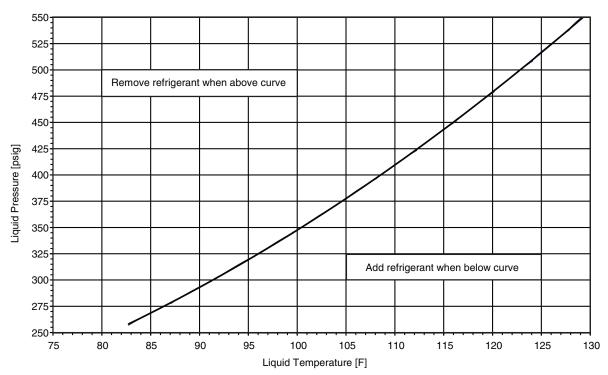


### **T4BD-048K Charging Chart**



### Refrigerant Charging Charts for Cooling Mode of Operation 13 SEER Split System Matched with TXV Equipped Indoor Coils (Continued)





018K									OUTDC	OR TEN	OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE (DEG. F)	URE (D	EG. F)							
	0			10			20			30			40			20			09	
Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.
Press	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.
37	212	108	52	232	111	99	252	114	81	273	117	96	285	125	114	311	139	131	338	153
38	219	106	53	238	109	29	257	112	82	276	115	97	292	123	115	318	135	132	345	147
39	226	104	54	244	107	89	262	110	83	280	113	98	299	120	116	325	130	133	352	141
40	233	102	55	250	105	69	267	108	84	284	111	66	306	117	117	332	126	134	359	134
41	240	100	56	256	103	70	271	106	85	287	109	100	313	114	118	339	121	135	366	128
42	247	98	57	261	101	71	276	104	98	291	107	101	320	111	119	346	117	136	373	122
43	254	96	58	267	66	72	281	102	87	295	105	102	327	108	120	353	112	137	380	116

024K									OUTDO	OR TEM	OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE (DEG. F)	JRE (D	EG. F)							
	0			10			20			30			40			20			09	
Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.
Press	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.
37	211	111	52	237	115	99	263	119	81	289	123	97	306	132	114	337	147	131	367	162
38	218	109	53	243	113	29	268	117	82	293	121	98	313	129	115	344	142	132	374	156
39	225	107	54	249	111	89	273	115	83	297	119	66	320	126	116	351	138	133	381	149
40	232	105	55	255	109	69	277	113	84	300	117	100	327	124	117	358	133	134	388	143
41	239	103	99	261	107	20	282	111	85	304	115	101	334	121	118	365	129	135	395	137
42	246	101	22	266	105	71	287	109	98	308	113	102	341	118	119	372	124	136	402	131
43	253	66	28	272	103	72	292	107	87	311	111	103	348	115	120	379	120	137	409	125

								OUTDC	OR TEN	OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE (DEG. F)	URE (D	EG. F)							
			10			20			30			40			20			90	
Disch. Suc.	Su	o i	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.
Temp. Press.	Pre	SS.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.
105 4	4	49	238	114	63	267	123	77	296	131	92	315	146	109	347	167	126	380	189
103	4,	50	244	112	64	272	121	78	299	129	93	322	143	110	354	163	127	387	182
101	~′	51	250	110	65	276	119	79	303	127	94	329	140	111	361	158	128	394	176
66	ı	52	256	108	99	281	117	80	307	125	92	336	138	112	368	154	129	401	170
97	l	53	261	106	29	286	115	81	310	123	96	343	135	113	375	149	130	408	164
95		54	267	104	89	291	113	82	314	121	97	350	132	114	382	145	131	415	158
93		22	273	102	69	296	111	83	318	119	98	357	129	115	389	140	132	422	152

036K									OUTDC	OR TEN	OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE (DEG. F)	URE (D	EG. F)							
	0			10			20			30			40			20			09	
Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.
Press	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.
34	204	108	49	238	116	64	271	125	79	305	134	92	329	148	111	367	167	128	405	186
35	211	106	50	244	114	65	276	123	80	309	132	96	336	145	112	374	162	129	412	180
36	218	104	51	249	112	99	281	121	81	312	130	97	343	142	113	381	158	130	419	174
37	225	102	52	255	110	29	286	119	82	316	128	98	350	139	114	388	153	131	426	167
38	232	100	53	261	108	89	290	117	83	320	126	66	357	136	115	395	149	132	433	161
39	239	98	54	267	106	69	295	115	84	323	124	100	364	133	116	402	144	133	440	155
40	246	96	55	273	104	70	300	113	85	327	122	101	371	131	117	409	140	134	447	149

042K									ОПТРС	OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE (DEG. F)	IPERAT	URE (D	EG. F)							
	0			10			20			30			40			20			09	
Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.
Press	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.
36	212	106	20	235	114	64	259	123	78	282	131	93	297	144	109	328	162	125	358	181
37	219	104	51	241	112	65	263	121	79	286	129	94	304	141	110	335	158	126	365	175
38	226	102	52	247	110	99	268	119	80	289	127	92	311	138	111	342	153	127	372	168
39	233	100	53	253	108	29	273	117	81	293	125	96	318	136	112	349	149	128	379	162
40	240	98	54	259	106	89	278	115	82	297	123	97	325	133	113	356	145	129	386	156
41	247	96	55	265	104	69	283	113	83	300	121	86	332	130	114	363	140	130	393	150
42	254	94	56	271	102	70	287	111	84	304	119	66	339	127	115	370	136	131	400	144

048K									ОПТБС	OR TEN	OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE (DEG. F)	URE (D	EG. F)							
	0			10			20			30			40			20			09	
Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.
Press	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.
35	218	133	49	246	142	62	274	151	75	302	160	88	317	169	100	343	180	112	369	191
36	225	131	20	252	140	63	279	149	9/	306	158	89	324	167	101	350	176	113	376	185
37	232	129	51	258	138	64	283	147	77	309	156	06	331	164	102	357	171	114	383	179
38	239	127	52	263	136	65	288	145	78	313	154	91	338	161	103	364	167	115	390	173
39	246	125	53	269	134	99	293	143	79	317	152	92	345	158	104	371	162	116	397	166
40	253	123	54	275	132	29	298	141	80	320	150	93	352	155	105	378	158	117	404	160
41	260	121	22	281	130	89	303	139	81	324	148	94	359	152	106	385	153	118	411	154

060K									ОПТВС	OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE (DEG. F)	<b>IPERAT</b>	URE (D	EG. F)							
	0			10			20			30			40			20			09	
Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.	Suc.	Liquid	Disch.
Press	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.	Press.	Press.	Temp.
31	223	131	44	253	143	22	283	155	70	313	166	82	329	179	92	355	193	107	381	206
32	230	129	45	259	141	58	288	153	71	316	164	83	336	176	96	362	188	108	388	200
33	237	127	46	265	139	29	292	151	72	320	162	84	343	173	6	369	184	109	395	194
34	244	125	47	271	137	09	297	149	73	324	160	85	350	171	86	376	179	110	402	188
35	251	123	48	277	135	61	302	147	74	327	158	98	357	168	66	383	175	111	409	181
36	258	121	49	282	133	62	307	145	75	331	156	87	364	165	100	390	170	112	416	175
37	265	119	20	288	131	63	312	143	92	335	154	88	371	162	101	397	166	113	423	169

### INSTALLER: PLEASE LEAVE THESE INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS WITH THE HOMEOWNER.

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